Roll No. : .....

## 337455(37)

### B. E. (Fourth Semester) Examination, 2020 APR-MAY 2022 (New Scheme)

(Mech. & Production Branch)

# NUMERICAL ANALYSIS & COMPUTER PROGRAMMING (C & C++)

Time Allowed: Three hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Minimum Pass Marks: 28

Note: Attempt all questions. Part (a) of each question is compulsory and carries 2 marks.

Attempt any two parts from (b), (c) and (d) which carry 7 marks each.

#### Unit-I

1. (a) Define  $E_a$ ,  $E_r$ ,  $E_p$ .

- (b) Using the bisection method, find an approximate root of the equation  $\sin x = 1/x$ , that he between x = 1 and x = 1.5 (measured in radians). Carry out computations upto  $7^{th}$  stage.
- (c) Using Newton's iterative method, find the real root of  $x \log_{10} x = 1.2$  correct to five decimal places. 7
- (d) Apply Gauss elimination method to solve the equations x+4y-z=-5; x+y-6z=-12; 3x-y-z=4.

#### Unit-II

- 2. (a) What is Emperical Law?
  - (b) An experiment gave the following values: V(fl/min): 350 400 500 600

 $t ext{ (min)}$ :  $61 ext{ } 26 ext{ } - 7 ext{ } 2.6$ It is known that V and t are connected by the relation  $V = at^b$ . Find the best possible values of a and b. 2

e) Evaluate:

$$\Delta^2 \left[ \frac{5x+12}{x^2+5x+16} \right]$$

(d) Use Guass's forward formula to evaluate  $y_{30}$ , given that  $y_{21} = 18.4708$ ,  $y_{25} = 17.8144$ ,  $y_{29} = 17.1070$ ,  $y_{33} = 16.3432$  and  $y_{37} = 15.5154$ .

#### Unit-III

- 3. (a) Write formula for Simpson's  $\frac{1}{3}$  &  $\frac{3}{8}$  rule.
  - (b) Given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y-x}{y+x}$  with initial condition y = 1 at x = 0; find y for x = 0.1 by Euler's method.
  - (c) Evaluate the integral  $\int_0^1 \frac{x^2}{1+x^3} dx$  using Simpson's  $1/3^{rd}$  rule. Compare the error with the exact value. 7

(d) Apply Milne's method, to find a solution of the differential equation y' = x - y in the range  $0 \le x \le 1$  for the boundary condition y = 0 at x = 0.

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4. (a) Classify the following equation:

 $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$ 

- Solve by relaxation method, the Laplace equation  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ , inside the square bounded by the lines x = 0, x = 4, y = 0, y = 4; given that  $u = x^2y^2$  on the boundary.
- (c) Find the values of u(x, t) satisfying the parabolic equation  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ , and the boundary conditions

u(0, t) = 0 = u(8, t) and  $u(x, 0) = 4x - \frac{1}{2}x^2$  at

the points x = i; i = 0, 1, 2, .....7 and  $t = \frac{1}{8}j$ ; j = 0, 1, 2, .....5.

(d) Solve  $y_{tt} = y_{xx}$  upto t = 0.5 with a spacing of 0.1 subject to y(0, t) = 0; y(1, t) = 0;  $y_{t}(x, 0) = 0$ and y(x, 0) = 10 + x(1 - x).

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Unit-V

- 5. (a) Explain input/output function with example.
  - b) Differentiate between:
    - (i) While and do-while loop
    - (ii) Break and continue
  - (c) Write a 'C' program to check whether an entered year is leap year or not.
  - (d) Write a 'C++' program which prints all odd positive integers less than 100, omitting those integers divisible by 7.

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